





## Supporting school attachment in Oulu's schools

**An attendance support model** has been developed for the city of Oulu's schools which includes instructions **to support school attachment of students and prevent absences.**

The model is called **Well-being at Schools - supporting attendance in Oulu.**

A student's school attachment is supported in cooperation with the student, guardians, teachers, student welfare services and networks.

The school can support a student's school attachment in three ways:

- Pedagogically
- Influencing community activities and structures
- Student welfare services





# Supporting school attachment on the community level

## Developing school working culture



**Encounter**

Experience of participation, feeling of belonging in a community  
Caring adults  
Cooperation between school and home

**Joy of learning**

Relaxed atmosphere  
Pedagogical solutions that support well-being  
Recognition of successes and strengths

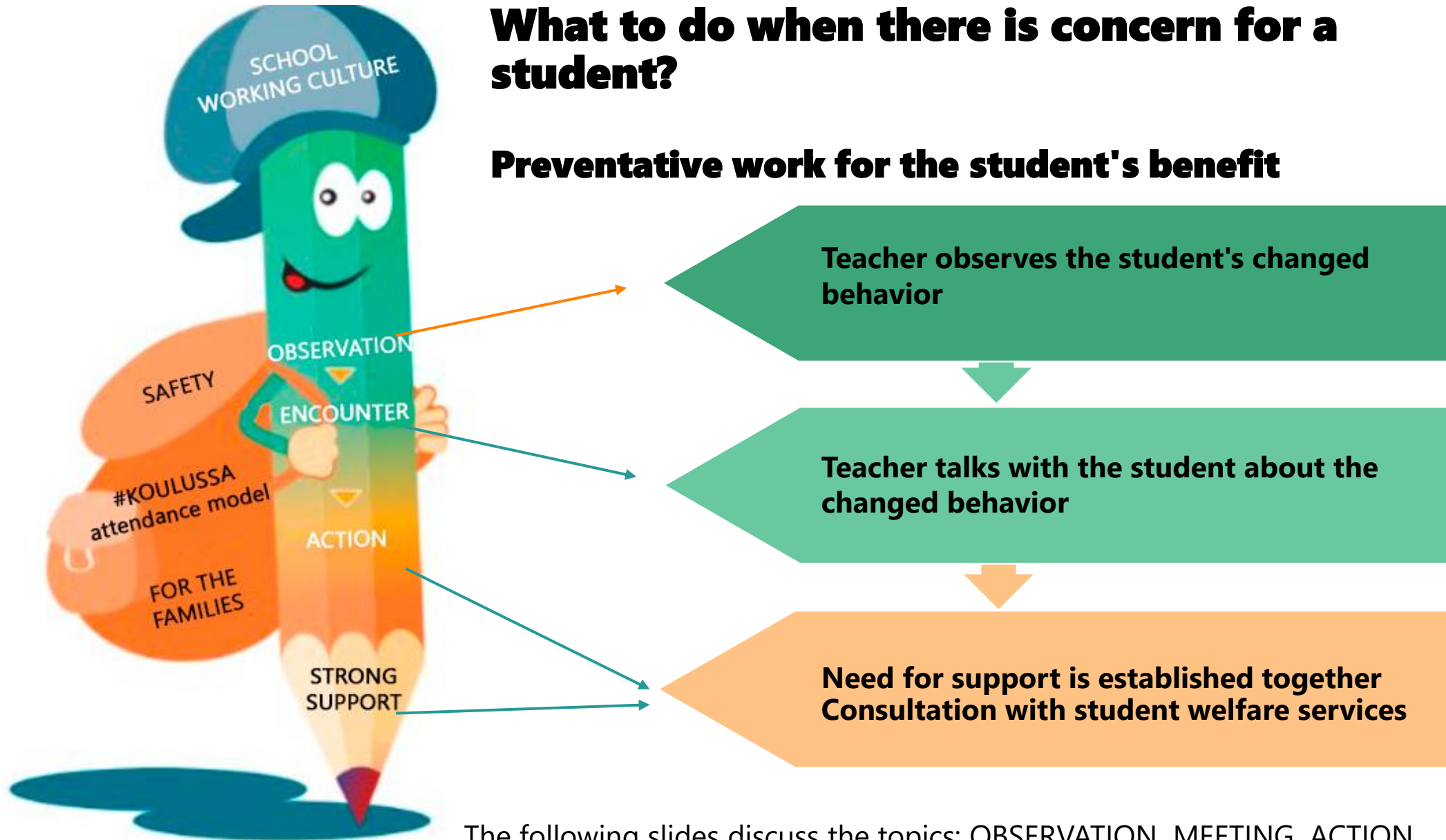
**Structures support well-being and safety**

Leadership with knowledge and skill  
Shared practices and structures in communities  
Functioning cooperation with student welfare services



# What to do when there is concern for a student?

## Preventative work for the student's benefit



The following slides discuss the topics: OBSERVATION, MEETING, ACTION

# OBSERVATION

Teacher observes the student's changed behavior



If examples are observed, the observation must be discussed with the student



## PREDICTIVE EXAMPLES OF ABSENCES

- Repetitive difficulties in departing for school
- Difficulties in returning to school after a vacation or sickness leave
- Increased contact home during a school day
- Increase in tardiness
- Individual absences from classes
- Repetitive individual absences
- Discontinued school days
- Unauthorized absences
- Repetitively forgetting to do homework
- Student is present but does not participate
- Changes in grades
- Difficulties in transferring from one class to another
- Repetitive will to leave the class
- Difficulties with friends
- Loneliness or withdrawal
- Increased psychosomatic symptoms (stomach or head pain)
- Changes in behavior and mood



Hey! How are you?  
I have noticed that...

What do you think?

Who could support you?

Thank you for sharing with me.

# ENCOUNTER

## Teacher talks with the student about the observation



### Teacher talks with the student about the changed behavior

- to hear the student's own opinion
- to understand the reasons behind the change in behavior
- to offer support.

### Considering how the student could be supported

- pedagogically
- by influencing the community's activities or structures
- with student welfare services

**The goal is supporting the student's well-being and school attachment.**

**Did some initiative come up based on the discussion?**

# **ACTION**

## **Multi-faceted mapping of the situation and an action plan**



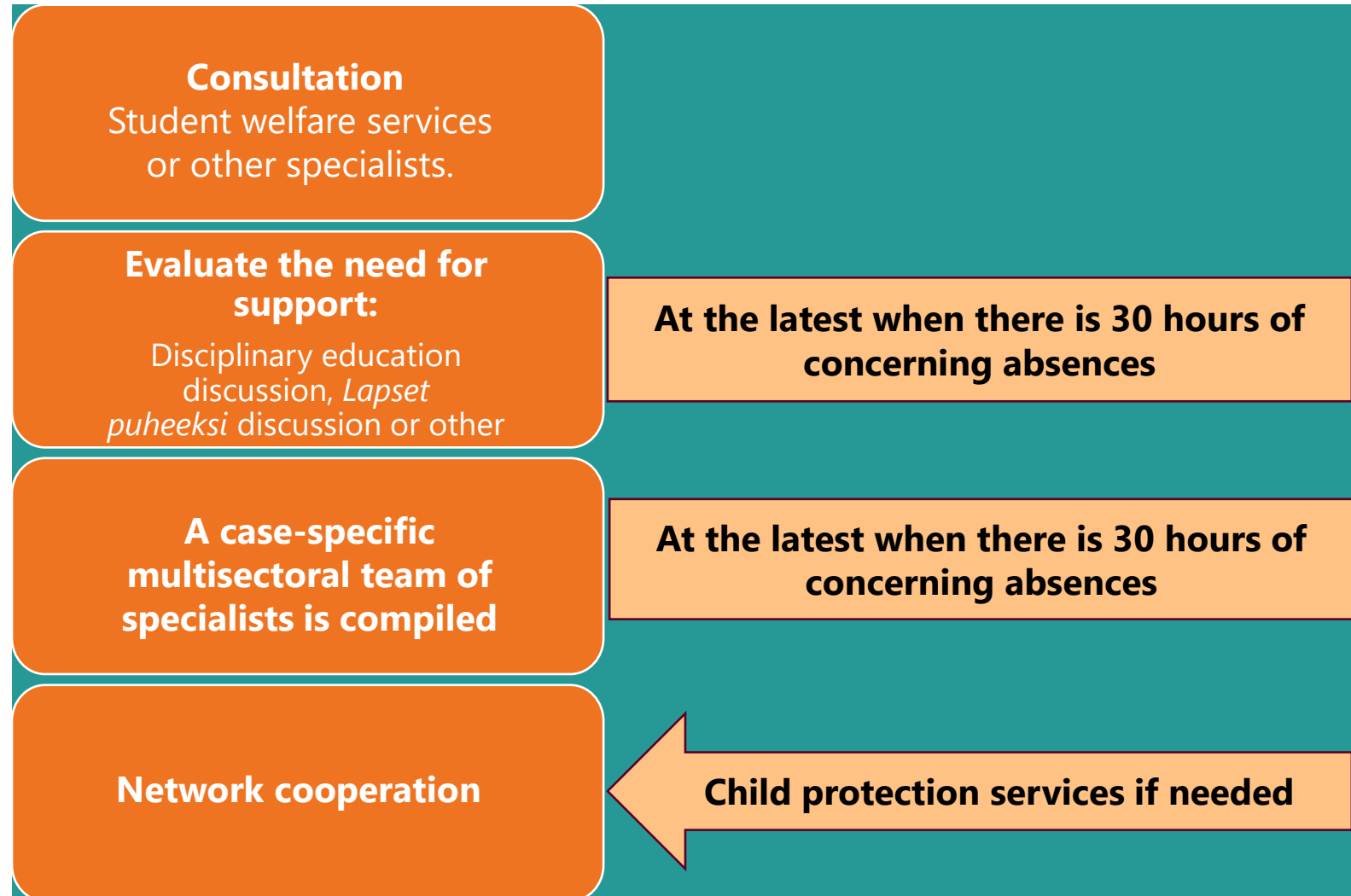
**When an observation or absence has been brought up and there has been cooperation with the guardians, but**

- the concern continues
- the reasons of the absences are uncertain or worrisome
- the continuation of studies is under question due to the absences
- unauthorized absences have not been cleared
- unauthorized absences continue

**What to do?**

# Alternative Actions

## A suitable multisectoral course of action is chosen for the situation







## Action Plan

- **Finding the cause** of the change in behavior or absences
- **Compiling an action plan** to support the child or young person.
- **Evaluating how we could support the student**
  - pedagogically
  - by influencing community practices or structures
  - with student welfare services
- **Recording the courses of action in student welfare and pedagogical documents**



# STRONG SUPPORT

## Action plan to support school attachment



Student welfare support to meet the needs	
The school's case-specific multisectoral team of specialists	Network meetings
Updating pedagogical support to meet the needs	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>We update the pedagogical support and pedagogical structures</b></li> <li>• <b>We appoint contact and responsible persons to be liable for the overall picture of learning</b></li> <li>• <b>We plan educational progression</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Education content and goals: What do we study?</li> <li>• Realization of education: How are tasks done? How is teaching realized?</li> <li>• Physical location of education: Classroom and distance education?</li> <li>• Evaluation of education: What criteria? What evaluation methods?</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Recording to pedagogical documents</b></li> </ul>	
Community support to meet the needs	



## Steps towards school



Regular contact

- **Contact to school activities and teachers**
- Contact to guardians and caring parties
- **We agree on who is responsible for contact**
- **Encourage the student** to contact the school

Supporting school attachment

- **Lowering the barrier for coming to school and school attachment**
- **Cooperation** with the child or young person and their guardians
- Considering the **opinions of different specialists**
- **Considering the school community's preparation and structures**



## **More information about learning and school support**

[Read more on the topic on the Support in Learning and Attendance webpage \(ouka.fi\)](https://ouka.fi)

**Thank you!**